

# Nursery 2023-24 Curriculum

## New EYFS Framework 2021



Planning a sequenced curriculum to ensure all children make progress and are ready for the next stage of their education.

## **EYFS:** Nursery

## Sequenced Curriculum - 2023 to 2024

New EYFS Framework

Age Relate	Age Related Expectations * Teaching and learning to be differentiated through short term planning, driven by assessment Consolidation and revisit of key skills, knowledge and understanding through continuous and enhanced provision								
Area of Learning	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2			
Overarching Theme	All About Me	Autumn/Celebrations	Winter/Animals	Growing/Animal babies	Animals and minibeasts	Water/ Going to school			
Planning around a quality text: To be chosen following children's interests.	Peter Cat         Dial	Birthday		INSPERIS BEANSTAL NUMBER AND		Flying Bath			
Linked texts	Dentist Gruffalo Monkey and me Time for bed fred 3 little pigs	<ul> <li>Tap the magic Tree</li> <li>Nativity</li> <li>Owl babies</li> <li>Gol</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Busy Penguins</li> <li>Dear Zoo</li> </ul>	o A seed in need ○	<ul> <li>○ Dear Zoo</li> <li>○ Walking through the Jungle</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Busy chickens</li> <li>Five Little Ducks</li> </ul>			

Trips/Visitors	New baby	Visitors:	Visitors:	Visitors:	Visitors:	Visitors:
Enrichments	Pets	<ul> <li>Family Stay and play</li> <li>Trip:</li> <li>School grounds</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Reception teacher/Mrs Morris come to read a story</li> <li>Trip:</li> <li>Winter walk</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Caterpillars</li> <li>Author/Govenor to read story for Word book Day</li> <li>Ducks</li> <li>Trip:         <ul> <li>Science Week in school</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Mini beasts Trip:	<ul> <li>Stay and Play</li> <li>Trip:</li> <li>Reception Teddy Bear's Picnic</li> </ul>

### COMMUNICATION & LANGUAGE: □ Listening, Attention & Understanding □ Speaking

Educational Programme: The development of children's spoken language underpins all seven areas of learning and development. Children's back-and-forth interactions from an early age form the foundations for language and cognitive development. The number and quality of the conversations they have with adults and peers throughout the day in a language-rich environment is crucial. By commenting on what children are interested in or doing, and echoing back what they say with new vocabulary added, practitioners will build children's language effectively. Reading frequently to children, and engaging them actively in stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems, and then providing them with extensive opportunities to use and embed new words in a range of contexts, will give children the opportunity to thrive. Through conversation, story-telling and role play, where children share their ideas with support and modelling from their teacher, and sensitive questioning that invites them to elaborate, children become comfortable using a rich range of vocabulary and language structures.

Autumn	Spring	Summer
Learning Priorities: Linked to Development Matte	ers 2020 ·	* See EY2P Communication & Language Booklet
<ul> <li>Listening, Attention and Understanding</li> <li>Pay attention to one thing at a time</li> <li>⇒ Listen 1:1 to develop independence within daily routine</li> <li>⇒ Participate in short multi-sensory Key Person group time</li> <li>Enjoy listening to stories and begin to remember much of what happens</li> <li>⇒ Listen to short stories with illustrations / props / sounds</li> <li>⇒ Recall key events / name key characters</li> <li>⇒ Begin to join in text retell with some actions</li> <li>Follow an instruction with one part</li> <li>⇒ Linked to: □ daily routine □ Key Person group activities</li> <li>⇒ Special events: Autumn walk</li> <li>Understand simple questions about 'who', 'what' and 'where'</li> <li>⇒ Get to know: □ one another □ new learning space</li> <li>⇒ Find body / move different body parts body parts / actions</li> <li>⇒ Recount of autumn walk</li> <li>Begin to understand some 'why' questions related to own experiences</li> <li>⇒ Autumn experiences</li> <li>Speaking</li> <li>Begin to use a wider range of vocabulary</li> <li>⇒ Linked to: □ daily routine □ themes</li> <li>Learn new rhyme and begin to develop a repertoire of songs</li> <li>⇒ Fill in some missing words</li> <li>Begin to talk about a familiar book one-to-one</li> <li>⇒ Comment on an illustrationpicture / illustration</li> <li>⇒ Favourite character / part character / event</li> <li>Develop communication, begin to use different tenses</li> <li>Begin to use longer sentences of 4/6 words</li> <li>Start a conversation with an adult / friend</li> <li>Begin to use talk to organise selves / play</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Listening, Attention and Understanding</li> <li>Enjoy listening to stories &amp; remember much of what happens</li> <li>Begin to shift attention from one thing to another when needed and given a prompt</li> <li>Begin to understand and follow a two-part instruction</li> <li>Understand some 'why' questions</li> <li>Begin to show an understanding of some prepositions</li> <li>Begin to listen to others in a small group</li> <li>Speaking</li> <li>Use a wider range of vocabulary</li> <li>Continue to develop and sing a repertoire of songs</li> <li>Sing a range of rhymes/songs as part of a group</li> <li>Talk about a familiar book and begin to tell a simple story</li> <li>Continue to develop communication, using future and past tense (not always correctly)</li> <li>Use longer sentence of 4/6 words</li> <li>Begin to join sentences with and</li> <li>Start a conversation with an adult / friend and begin to continue it with many turns</li> <li>Use talk to organise selves / play</li> <li>Begin to retell a simple past event in correct order</li> <li>Begin to express a point of view</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Listening, Attention and Understanding</li> <li>Enjoy listening to longer stories (with increased attention) and can remember much of what happens</li> <li>Shift their attention from one thing to another when needed and given a prompt</li> <li>Understand and follow a two-part instruction</li> <li>Understand and respond confidently to simple 'why' questions</li> <li>Show an understanding of some prepositions</li> <li>Listen to others in a small group</li> <li>Speaking</li> <li>User a wider range of vocabulary in a range of contexts</li> <li>Sing a large repertoire of songs</li> <li>Sing a range of songs/rhymes as part of a group and independently</li> <li>Talk about a familiar book and tell a longer story</li> <li>Develop communication, begin to use a wider range of tenses (with correct use of most tenses)</li> <li>Use sentences joined by other words such as like / because</li> <li>Start a conversation with an adult / friend &amp; continue it with many turns</li> <li>Retell a simple past event in correct order</li> <li>Use talk more confidently to organise selves / play</li> <li>Express a point of view &amp; debate when they disagree with an adult /friend, using words as well as actions</li> </ul>

### **PERSONAL, SOCIAL & EMOTIONAL DEVELOPMENT:** Self-Regulation Managing Self Building Relationships

Educational Programme: Children's personal, social and emotional development (PSED) is crucial for children to lead healthy and happy lives, and is fundamental to their cognitive development. Underpinning their personal development are the important attachments that shape their social world. Strong, warm and supportive relationships with adults enable children to learn how to understand their own feelings and those of others. Children should be supported to manage emotions, develop a positive sense of self, set themselves simple goals, have confidence in their own abilities, to persist and wait for what they want and direct attention as necessary. Through adult modelling and guidance, they will learn how to look after their bodies, including healthy eating, and manage personal needs independently. Through supported interaction with other children, they learn how to make good friendships, co-operate and resolve conflicts peaceably. These attributes will provide a secure platform from which children can achieve at school and in later life.

Autumn	Spring	Summer
Learning Priorities: Linked to Development Matte	ers 2020	
Self-Regulation <ul> <li>Show 'effortful control'</li> <li>⇒ With support follow the daily routine</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Self-Regulation</li> <li>Talk about feelings using words like 'happy' and 'sad' and begin to use other words</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Self-Regulation</li> <li>Talk about their feelings using a range of words</li> <li>Begin to understand how others might be feeling</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Play with others, sharing resources / taking turns</li> <li>Begin to talk about feelings happy / sad / because</li> <li>⇒ Show / imitate different emotions and label</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>With support begin to understand and talk about how others might be feeling and the reasons why</li> <li>Begin to help to find solutions to conflicts and rivalries. For example,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Help to find solutions to conflicts and rivalries.</li> <li>Develop appropriate ways of being assertive.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>➡ I am happy / sad because</li> <li>■ Begin to show awareness of how others might be feeling</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>accepting that not everyone can be Spider-Man in the game, and suggesting other ideas.</li> <li>With support begin to talk with others to resolve conflicts</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Talk with others to solve conflicts.</li> <li>Managing Self</li> <li>Select and use activities and resources, with help when needed -</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>⇒ Offer comfort to a child who is upset / laugh with others</li> <li>⇒ Identify feelings of main characters in texts, looking carefully at illustrations</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Managing Self</li> <li>Begin to select and use activities and resources to achieve a set goal</li> </ul>	<ul><li>to achieve a goal they have chosen, or one which is suggested to them.</li><li>Settle to an activity for some time</li></ul>
<ul> <li>Begin to recognise that some actions can hurt the feelings of others</li> <li>⇒ Identify action that made someone else upset</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Settle to an activity of choice for some time</li> <li>Increasingly follow classroom routines and rules (with reduced practitioner guidance)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increasingly follow rules, understanding why they are important.</li> <li>Do not always need an adult to remind them of a rule.</li> <li>Be increasingly independent in meeting own care needs</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>With support begin to find solutions to some conflicts</li> <li>⇒ Sharing resources / taking turns e.g. bike track</li> <li>Managing Self</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Develop independence within self-care routines</li> <li>Building Relationships</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Make healthy choices about food, drink, activity and toothbrushing.</li> <li>Building Relationships</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Show interest in a range of experiences, indoors and outdoors</li> <li>⇒ Familiar and some new</li> <li>Begin to select and use continuous provision resources, with</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Play with one or more other children</li> <li>Take play in pretend play with one or more children</li> <li>See themselves as part of a community</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Develop sense of responsibility and membership of a community.</li> <li>Become more outgoing with unfamiliar people, in the safe context</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>begin to select and use continuous provision resources, with help when needed resources</li> <li>⇒ Make independent learning choices learning / play</li> <li>⇒ Put resources back in right place once used</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Begin to share and take turns with others</li> <li>Begin to extend and elaborate play ideas with others</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>of their setting.</li> <li>Show more confidence in new social situations.</li> <li>Play with one or more other children, extending and elaborating</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>With support begin to follow classroom routines and rules</li> <li>Begin to be independent within self-care routines</li> <li>⇒ Toileting / Handwashing / Snack time / Outdoor time</li> </ul>		play ideas.
<ul> <li>■ Folleting / Handwashing / Shack time / Outdoor time</li> <li>Building Relationships</li> <li>■ Begin to play with one or more other children</li> <li>⇒ Child-initiated learning / small group activities</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Begin to see themselves as part of a community</li> <li>⇒ Key Person group / nursery / family</li> </ul>		

### PHYSICAL DEVELOPMENT: Gross Motor Skills Fine Motor Skills

Educational Programme: Physical activity is vital in children's all-round development, enabling them to pursue happy, healthy and active lives. Gross and fine motor experiences develop incrementally throughout early childhood, starting with sensory explorations and the development of a child's strength, co-ordination and positional awareness through tummy time, crawling and play movement with both objects and adults. By creating games and providing opportunities for play both indoors and outdoors, adults can support children to develop their core strength, stability, balance, spatial awareness, co-ordination and agility. Gross motor skills provide the foundation for developing healthy bodies and social and emotional well-being. Fine motor control and precision helps with hand-eye co-ordination which is later linked to early literacy. Repeated and varied opportunities to explore and play with small world activities, puzzles, arts and crafts and the practise of using small tools, with feedback and support from adults, allow children to develop proficiency, control and confidence.

Autumn	Spring	Summer					
Learning Priorities: Linked to Development Matters 2020							
Gross Motor Skills         • Continue to develop movement skills of walking and running         ⇒ Negotiating space         ⇒ Begin to adapt speed / direction to avoid obstacles         • Continue to develop climbing skills         ⇒ Use stairs using alternate feet         ⇒ With support explore climbing frame         • Continue to develop balancing skills balance         ⇒ Complete low level obstacle courses         ⇒ Walk up / down a ramp         ⇒ Stand still         ⇒ Stand still         ⇒ Stand on one leg         Begin to learn to hop         • Continue to develop ball skills – scooter / trike / balance bike         ⇒ Use bike track: □ following track □ right direction         ⇒ Stop / start         • Continue to develop ball skills         ⇒ Rolling (partner / circle games)         ⇒ Kicking         • Begin to use large-muscle movements to         ⇒ Wave flags and streamers (top to bottom / anti-clockwise)         ⇒ Paint and make marks (top to bottom / anti-clockwise)         ⇒ Paint and make marks (top to bottom / anti-clockwise)         • Degin to show a preference for a dominant hand         • Begin to learn to use a knife and fork         • Begin to get dressed independently for outdoor play         Use some one-handed tools and equipment         ⇒ Ac	<ul> <li>Gross Motor Skills</li> <li>Continue to develop movement of walking and running</li> <li>Continue to develop climbing skills</li> <li>Continue to develop balancing skills</li> <li>Learn to hop</li> <li>Begin to learn to skip</li> <li>Continue to develop riding skills</li> <li>Continue to develop ball skills</li> <li>Continue to develop ball skills</li> <li>Use large muscle movements</li> <li>Begin to remember some sequences and patterns of movement related to music and rhythm</li> <li>Begin to take part in some group team activities</li> <li>Begin to match developing physical skills to tasks and activities in setting</li> <li>Choose the right resource to carry out chosen plan</li> <li>Begin to collaborate with others to manage large items</li> </ul> Fine Motor Skills <ul> <li>Show preference a for a dominant hand</li> <li>Continue to learn to use a knife and fork</li> <li>Increase independence getting dressed and undressed</li> <li>Use a range of one-handed tools and equipment</li> <li>Continue to develop a comfortable grip with good control when holding pens and pencils.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Gross Motor Skills</li> <li>Begin to refine movement of walking and running</li> <li>Begin to refine climbing skills</li> <li>Begin to refine balancing skills</li> <li>Learn to skip</li> <li>Continue to develop riding skills</li> <li>Continue to develop ball skills</li> <li>Use large muscle movements</li> <li>Remember some sequences and patterns of movement related to music and rhythm</li> <li>Take part in some group team activities</li> <li>Match developing physical skills to tasks and activities in setting</li> <li>Choose the right resource to carry out chosen plan</li> <li>Collaborate with others to manage large items</li> </ul> Fine Motor Skills <ul> <li>Use one-handed tools and equipment.</li> <li>Eat independently using a knife and fork</li> <li>Be increasingly independent getting dressed and undressed</li> <li>Use a comfortable grip with good control when holding pens and pencils.</li> </ul>					

## LITERACY: □ Reading - Comprehension □ Reading - Word Reading □ Writing

Educational Programme: It is crucial for children to develop a life-long love of reading. Reading consists of two dimensions: language comprehension and word reading. Language comprehension (necessary for both reading and writing) starts from birth. It only develops when adults talk with children about the world around them and the books (stories and non-fiction) they read with them, and enjoy rhymes, poems and songs together. Skilled word reading, taught later, involves both the speedy working out of the pronunciation of unfamiliar printed words (decoding) and the speedy recognition of familiar printed words. Writing involves transcription (spelling and handwriting) and composition (articulating ideas and structuring them in speech, before writing).

Autumn	Spring	Summer
Learning Priorities: Linked to Development Matter	rs 2020	* See EY2P Literacy Long Term Plans
<ul> <li>Learning Priorities: Linked to Development Matter</li> <li>Phase 1 Phonics / Reading</li> <li>Begin to develop phonological awareness</li> <li>⇒ Join in with Phase 1 activities, aspects 1 to 6 <ul> <li>Distinguish between different sounds:</li> <li>Environmental Sounds □ Instrumental Sounds □ Body Percussion</li> <li>Rhythm and rhyme: begin to develop awareness of words that sound the same</li> <li>Alliterative activities, begin to identify words starting with the same phoneme within names</li> <li>Explore and copy different voice sounds</li> </ul> </li> <li>Begin to understand some of the five key concepts about print:</li> <li>⇒ Handle books carefully &amp; correctly</li> <li>⇒ Name some book parts front cover, back cover, page, title</li> <li>⇒ Print has meaning □ familiar logos □ environmental labels with photograph</li> <li>⇒ Understand print is read left to right .</li> <li>Enjoy sharing a book with an adult</li> <li>⇒ One to one Fiction and a non-fiction</li> <li>Begin to read own name with visual support</li> </ul> Writing <ul> <li>Add some marks to their drawings, which they give meaning to. For example: "That says murmy.</li> <li>Make marks on picture to represent name</li> <li>Begin to attempt to write name with some recognisable letters</li> <li>⇒ First letter of name</li> <li>To begin to understand that own marks represent meaning</li> <li>⇒ Point to marks</li> <li>⇒ Label marks</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Phase 1 Phonics / Reading</li> <li>Continue to develop phonological awareness</li> <li>⇒ Join in with P1 activities, aspects 1 to 7</li> <li>Listen, remember &amp; talk about different sounds: Environmental □ Instrumental □ Body Percussion</li> <li>Rhythm and rhyme: develop awareness of words that sound the same</li> <li>Tune into alliterative words, begin to identify / hear some initial phonemes in words</li> <li>Explore and begin to talk about different voice sounds</li> <li>Begin to participate in oral blending/segmenting activities</li> <li>Clap syllables in own name</li> <li>Begin to engage in conversations about stories and non-fiction texts, learning new vocabulary</li> <li>Continue to develop an understand the five key concepts about print:</li> <li>⇒ Handle books carefully &amp; correctly</li> <li>⇒ Name some book parts <i>title / blub</i></li> <li>⇒ Print has meaning – recognise some new logos</li> <li>⇒ Begin to understand what a word / letter is <i>letter / word</i></li> <li>⇒ Follow print left to right and begin to use 1:1 correspondence</li> <li>⇒ Know where to start reading <i>first</i></li> <li>Read own name without visual support</li> <li>Writing</li> <li>Begin to use some print / letter knowledge in writing</li> <li>⇒ Symbols – lines / circles</li> <li>⇒ Recognisable letters</li> <li>⇒ Coption directionality</li> <li>↓ point to directionality</li> <li>⇒ Top to bottom directionality</li> <li>Attempt to write name, using name card, with some</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>* See EY2P Literacy Long Term Plans</li> <li>Phase 1 Phonics / Reading</li> <li>Develop phonological awareness</li> <li>⇒ Join in with P1 activities, aspects 1 to 7 <ul> <li>Listen, remember &amp; talk about different sounds with increasing vocabulary:</li> <li>Environmental □ Body Percussion</li> <li>Talk about rhyming words and begin to create rhyming strings</li> <li>Hear and say initial sounds in words</li> <li>Explore and talk about different voice sounds, enunciating some phoneme correctly</li> <li>Participate in oral blending/segmenting activities</li> <li>Clap syllables in words</li> </ul> </li> <li>Engage in extended conversations about stories and non-fiction texts, learning &amp; using new vocabulary</li> <li>Use the five key concepts about print:</li> <li>I Identify a word in a sentence and understand it carries meaning</li> <li>Identify a letter in a word</li> <li>Name parts of book and show awareness of page number page number</li> <li>Continue to develop understanding of word / letter</li> <li>Follow print, know it is read from top to bottom &amp; use 1:1 correspondence</li> <li>Read own name in a variety of fonts/context</li> </ul> Writing <ul> <li>Use knowledge of print / letter knowledge in writing</li> <li>Recognisable letters</li> <li>Left to right / top to bottom directionality</li> <li>Top to bottom directionality</li> </ul> Begin to match some letters to phonemes e.g. m for mummy

## MATHEMATICS: Numerical Pattern

Educational Programme: Developing a strong grounding in number is essential so that all children develop the necessary building blocks to excel mathematically. Children should be able to count confidently, develop a deep understanding of the numbers to 10, the relationships between them and the patterns within those numbers. By providing frequent and varied opportunities to build and apply this understanding - such as using manipulatives, including small pebbles and tens frames for organising counting - children will develop a secure base of knowledge and vocabulary from which mastery of mathematics is built. In addition, it is important that the curriculum includes rich opportunities for children to develop their spatial reasoning skills across all areas of mathematics including shape, space and measures. It is important that children develop positive attitudes and interests in mathematics, look for patterns and relationships, spot connections, 'have a go', talk to adults and peers about what they notice and not be afraid to make mistakes.

UNDERSTANDING THE WORLD Dest and Present (KS1: History) Dependence (KS1: R.E./ Geography) Natural World (KS1: Geography / Science) Educational Programme: Understanding the world involves guiding children to make sense of their physical world and their community. The frequency and range of children's personal experiences increases their knowledge and sense of the world around them - from visiting parks, libraries and museums to meeting important members of society such as police officers. nurses and firefighters. In addition, listening to a broad selection of stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems will foster their understanding of our culturally, socially, technologically and ecologically diverse world. As well as building important knowledge, this extends their familiarity with words that support understanding across domains. Enriching and widening children's vocabulary will support later reading comprehension. Spring Autumn Summer Learning Priorities: Linked to Development Matters 2020 Past and Present Past and Present Past and Present Begin to make sense of their own life history . Make sense of their own life history Make sense of their own life history ⇒ When I was a baby .... baby / new / grow Begin to make sense of family's history **People. Culture & Communities** ⇔ The people in my family .... family / brother / sister **People, Culture & Communities** Continue to show an interest in different occupations ⇔ My birthday .... birthday / party / presents Show interest in different occupations Begin to develop positive attitudes about the differences between . ⇔ Christmas time ... people Continue to develop positive attitudes about the differences between people **People, Culture & Communities** . Participate in visits Participate in visits Begin to show an interest in different occupations **Natural World** ⇔ People who help us: Doctor / Nurse / .... doctor / nurse Natural World . Begin to use all their senses in hands on exploration of natural hospital materials Use all their senses in hands on exploration of natural materials. People who help our pets: Vets ... vets / pets ⇔ . Begin to explore collections of materials with similar and/or Explore collections of materials with similar and/or different different properties. Notice differences between people properties. . Talk about what they see, continuing to use a wider vocabulary Babies and children (similarities / differences) ... body Talk about what they see, using a wide vocabulary. ⇒ . Begin to understand the need to respect and care for the natural parts, hair colour ... environment . Understand the key features of the life cycle of a plant and an **Natural World** . Begin to know that there are different countries in the world animal. Begin to use some senses in hands on exploration of natural . . Plant seeds and care for growing plants. . Begin to understand the need to respect and care for all living materials . Explore how things work thinas. ⇒ Getting to know new outdoor learning space . Begin to explore and talk about different forces they can feel Know that there are different countries in the world and talk about the differences they have experienced or seen in photos. Begin to explore collections of materials with similar and/or . \* Continue to develop interest in linked: 

texts across themes, fiction different properties. Explore how things work. and non-fiction 
sources of technological information Explore and talk about different forces they can feel. Autumn collection .... leaves, pine cones, conkers, twigs ... . Talk about the differences between materials and changes they Talk about what they see, beginning to use a wider vocabulary notice Explore how things work -\* Develop interest in linked: 
texts across themes, fiction and non-⇔ My favourite toy .... toy / push / pull / bend fiction 
sources of technological information Party objects / Christmas decorations .... ⇔ Begin to explore and talk about different forces they can feel . Push and pull toys .... push / pull ⇔

Begin to understand the need to respect and care for the natural

\* Begin to develop interest in linked: 

texts across themes, fiction and

Nursery outdoor learning space

non-fiction 
sources of technological information

environment

⇒

### **EXPRESSIVE ARTS & DESIGN:** Creating with Materials Being Imaginative & Expressive

Educational Programme: The development of children's artistic and cultural awareness supports their imagination and creativity. It is important that children have regular opportunities to engage with the arts, enabling them to explore and play with a wide range of media and materials. The quality and variety of what children see, hear and participate in is crucial for developing their understanding, self-expression, vocabulary and ability to communicate through the arts. The frequency, repetition and depth of their experiences are fundamental to their progress in interpreting and appreciating what they hear, respond to and observe.

Autumn	Spring	Summer
Learning Priorities: Linked to Development Matter	rs 2020	
<ul> <li>Being Creative</li> <li>Begin to explore different materials and textures</li> <li>Free exploration – collage</li> <li>Introduction to glue to join spread / press</li> <li>Create: □ lines □ circles</li> <li>Range of different media</li> <li>Explore printing printing / down / up / still</li> <li>Hands / fingers / feet</li> <li>Leaves</li> <li>Create enclosed shapes to represent self (range of media)</li> <li>Body / Face key features / circle / line</li> <li>Begin to explore colour</li> <li>Free exploration</li> <li>Self-portraits</li> <li>Autumn / Christmas</li> </ul> Being Imaginative <ul> <li>Begin to take part in pretend play</li> <li>Imitate home experiences (home corner)</li> <li>Imitate life experiences linked to different seasons</li> <li>Celebrations: Birthday party cards / presents</li> </ul> Begin to create simple stories using small world <ul> <li>Imitate own experiences (my home / nursery)</li> <li>Autumn walk people, trees, animals</li> </ul> Listen with increased attention to sounds <ul> <li>Tune into body percussion sounds body parts</li> <li>Begin to move to a steady beat beat / march</li> <li>Sing and remember some simple rhymes and songs</li> <li>Play instruments with increasing control</li> <li>Free exploration of musical instruments</li> <li>Learn to play: □ tapping □ banging □ shaking</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Being Creative</li> <li>Explore different materials freely and begin to develop own ideas about how to use them and what to make</li> <li>Continue to explore different textures</li> <li>Begin to join different materials Begin to create closed shapes to represent objects</li> <li>Begin to draw with increasing detail</li> <li>Use drawing to represent ideas like movement</li> <li>Begin to show different emotions in drawings and paintings, like happiness, sadness, fear etc.</li> <li>Begin to explore colour mixing.</li> <li>Begin to respond to what they have heard, expressing their thoughts and feelings.</li> <li>Begin to remember and sing entire songs.</li> <li>Begin to sing the pitch of a tone sung by another person ('pitch match').</li> <li>Begin to sing the melodic shape (moving melody, such as up and down, down and up) of familiar songs.</li> <li>Play instruments with increasing control to express their feelings and ideas.</li> <li>Take part in simple pretend play and begin to using an object to represent something else</li> <li>Begin to make imaginative and complex 'small worlds'</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Being Creative</li> <li>Develop their own ideas and decide which materials to use to express them</li> <li>Explore different textures</li> <li>Join different materials</li> <li>Create closed shapes with continuous lines, and begin to use these shapes to represent objects.</li> <li>Draw with increasing complexity and detail</li> <li>Use drawing to represent ideas like movement or loud noises.</li> <li>Show different emotions in their drawings and paintings, like happiness, sadness, fear etc.</li> <li>Explore colour and colour mixing.</li> <li>Being Imaginative</li> <li>Respond to what they have heard, expressing their thoughts and feelings.</li> <li>Remember and sing entire songs.</li> <li>Sing the pitch of a tone sung by another person ('pitch match').</li> <li>Sing the melodic shape (moving melody, such as up and down, down and up) of familiar songs.</li> <li>Play instruments with increasing control to express their feelings and ideas.</li> <li>Create their own songs, or improvise a song around one they know</li> <li>Take part in simple pretend play using an object to represent something else even though they are not similar</li> <li>Develop complex stories using small world equipment Make imaginative and complex 'small worlds'</li> </ul>